

(6 × 3 = 18)

Answer any 6 questions from 1 to 8. Each carries 3 scores.

1. (i) If  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $B = \{1, 4\}$ , then the number of subsets of  $A \times B$  is (1)  
(a)  $5^2$  (b)  $6^2$   
(c)  $2^5$  (d)  $2^6$
- (ii) If  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 1, y - \frac{2}{3}\right) = \left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right)$ , then find  $x$  and  $y$ . (2)
2. (i)  $\cos(x + y) + \cos(x - y) =$  \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(ii) Prove that  $\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + x\right) + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} - x\right) = -\sqrt{2} \cos x$ . (2)
3. (i) Solve the inequality  $x + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} \leq 10 + \frac{x}{6}$ . (2)  
(ii) Mark the solution in a number line. (1)
4. (i)  ${}^nC_r =$  \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(a)  $\frac{n!}{r!}$  (b)  $\frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$   
(c)  $\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$  (d)  $\frac{n(n-1)}{r!}$
- (ii) In how many ways a committee consisting of 3 men and 2 women, can be chosen from 7 men and 5 women? (2)
5. (i) Sum of all coefficients in the Binomial expansion of  $(1 + x)^n$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(ii) Using Binomial theorem expand  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{3}{x}\right)^4$ . (2)
6. Consider the line  $L_1 : 3x - 4y + 12 = 0$  and a point  $A(2, -3)$ .  
(i) Find the equation of the line passing through  $A$  and parallel to the given line  $L_1$ . (2)  
(ii) Find the distance from the origin to the given line  $L_1$ . (1)
7. Find the coordinates of focus, equation of directrix and length of latus rectum of the parabola  $x^2 = 12y$ .

8. (i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ . (1)
- (ii) If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^n - 2^n}{x - 2} = 32$ , then find the value of  $n$ . (2)

Answer any 6 questions from 9 to 16. Each carries 4 scores.

(6 × 4 = 24)

9. (i)  $A \cap A' = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ . (1)
- (ii) If  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ ,  $A = \{2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{2, 3, 4, 6\}$ , then verify that  $(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$ . (3)
10. (i) Draw the graph of the function,  $f: \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . (2)
- (ii) Find the domain and range of  $f(x) = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$ . (2)
11. (i) Express  $(1 - i)^6$  in  $x + iy$  form. (2)
- (ii) Find the coordinates that represent the complex number  $\frac{1-i}{1+i}$  in the argand plane. (2)
12. (i) If  ${}^nP_r = 840$  and  ${}^nC_r = 35$ , then find the value of  $r$ . (2)
- (ii) Find the number of permutations of the letters of the word ATTITUDE. (2)
13. The vertices of  $\Delta PQR$  are  $P(1, 0)$ ,  $Q(5, 4)$  and  $R(-1, 4)$ .
- (i) Find the equation of the line representing the side  $PQ$ . (2)
- (ii) Find the equation of the line through  $R$  and perpendicular to the side  $PQ$ . (2)
14. An ellipse has its foci on  $(\pm 4, 0)$  and vertices at  $(\pm 5, 0)$
- (i) Find the length of the minor axis. (1)
- (ii) Find the length of the latus rectum and eccentricity of the ellipse. (2)
- (iii) Also write the equation of the ellipse. (1)
15. (i) Give an example of any one point which lie in second octant. (1)
- (ii) Show that the points  $A(0, 7, 10)$ ,  $B(-1, 6, 6)$  and  $C(-4, 9, 6)$  are the vertices of a right angled triangle. (3)

16. A bag contains 8 red and 5 white balls. Three balls are drawn at random. Find the probability that
- All the three balls are white (1)
  - All the three balls are red (1)
  - One ball is red and two balls are white (2)

Answer any 3 questions from 17 to 20. Each carries 6 scores.

(3 × 6 = 18)

17. (i)  $\frac{1 - \tan^2 15^\circ}{1 + \tan^2 15^\circ} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ . (1)

(a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

(b)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(c) 2

(d)  $\sqrt{3}$

(ii) Prove that  $\frac{\sin 3x - \sin x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = 2 \sin x$ . (2)

(iii) If  $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\tan \phi = \frac{1}{3}$ , then show that  $\theta + \phi = \frac{\pi}{4}$ . (3)

18. (i) Which term of the G.P. 2, 8, 32, ..... is 32768? (2)

(ii) The sum of first three terms of a G.P. is 14 and sum of next three terms is 112. Find the common ratio, first term and the sum to first n terms of the G.P. (4)

19. (i) Using first principle find the derivative of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . (3)

(ii) Find  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1} \right)$ . (3)

20. (i) Find the mean deviation about mean of the following data :

4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 17. (2)

(ii) Find the variance of the following frequency data : (4)

Class	4 - 8	8 - 12	12 - 16	16 - 20
Frequency	3	6	4	7